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Table of Laplace and Z Transforms

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[Using this table for Z Transforms with Discrete Indices](#)

[Shortened 2-page pdf of Laplace Transforms and Properties](#)

Entry #	Laplace Domain	Time Domain	Z Domain (t=kT)
1	1	$\delta(t)$ unit impulse	1
2	$\frac{1}{s}$	$u(t)$ unit step	$\frac{z}{z-1}$
3	$\frac{1}{s^2}$	t	$\frac{Tz}{(z-1)^2}$
4	$\frac{1}{s+a}$	e^{-at}	$\frac{z}{z-e^{-aT}}$
5		$b^k \quad (b = e^{-aT})$	$\frac{z}{z-b}$
6	$\frac{1}{(s+a)^2}$	te^{-at}	$\frac{Tze^{-aT}}{(z-e^{-aT})^2}$
7	$\frac{1}{s(s+a)}$	$\frac{1}{a}(1-e^{-at})$	$\frac{z(1-e^{-aT})}{a(z-1)(z-e^{-aT})}$
8	$\frac{b-a}{(s+a)(s+b)}$	$e^{-at} - e^{-bt}$	$\frac{z(e^{-aT} - e^{-bT})}{(z-e^{-aT})(z-e^{-bT})}$
9	$\frac{1}{s(s+a)(s+b)}$	$\frac{1}{ab} - \frac{e^{-at}}{a(b-a)} - \frac{e^{-bt}}{b(a-b)}$	
10	$\frac{1}{s(s+a)^2}$	$\frac{1}{a^2}(1-e^{-at} - ate^{-at})$	
11	$\frac{s}{(s+a)^2}$	$(1-at)e^{-at}$	

12	$\frac{b}{s^2 + b^2}$	$\sin(bt)$	$\frac{z \sin(bT)}{z^2 - 2z \cos(bT) + 1}$
13	$\frac{s}{s^2 + b^2}$	$\cos(bt)$	$\frac{z(z - \cos(bT))}{z^2 - 2z \cos(bT) + 1}$
14	$\frac{b}{(s+a)^2 + b^2}$	$e^{-at} \sin(bt)$	$\frac{ze^{-aT} \sin(bT)}{z^2 - 2ze^{-aT} \cos(bT) + e^{-2aT}}$
15	$\frac{s+a}{(s+a)^2 + b^2}$	$e^{-at} \cos(bt)$	$\frac{z^2 - ze^{-aT} \cos(bT)}{z^2 - 2ze^{-aT} \cos(bT) + e^{-2aT}}$
16	$\frac{Bs+C}{(s+a)^2 + \omega_n^2}$	$e^{-at} \left[B \cos(\omega_n t) + \frac{C-aB}{\omega_n} \sin(\omega_n t) \right]$	
		Bad notation. Better to use ω_d.	
17	???	$\sqrt{\frac{a^2 d^2 + b^2 - 2abc}{d^2 - c^2}} d^n \cos(\beta n + \gamma)$ $\beta = \cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{c}{d}\right), \quad \gamma = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{ac-b}{a\sqrt{d^2-c^2}}\right)$	$\frac{az^2 + bz}{z^2 + 2cz + d^2}, \quad d > 0$

Prototype Second Order System ($\zeta < 1$, underdamped)

18	$\frac{\omega_n^2}{s(s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2)}$	$1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t + \cos^{-1}(\zeta))$
19	$\frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$	$\frac{\omega_n}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t)$
20	$\frac{s\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\zeta\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$	$\frac{-\omega_n^2}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}} e^{-\zeta\omega_n t} \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2} t - \cos^{-1}(\zeta))$

Using this table for Z Transforms with discrete indices

Commonly the "time domain" function is given in terms of a discrete index, k , rather than time. This is easily accommodated by the table. For example if you are given a function:

$$f[k] = k$$

Since $t=kT$, simply replace k in the function definition by $k=t/T$. So, in this case,

$$f[k] = \frac{t}{T}$$

and we can use the table entry for the ramp

$$t \xleftrightarrow{\mathfrak{Z}} \frac{Tz}{(z-1)^2}$$

The answer is then easily obtained

$$f[k] = k = \frac{t}{T} \xleftrightarrow{\mathfrak{Z}} \frac{z}{(z-1)^2} = F(z)$$

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[Erik Cheever](#) [Department of Engineering](#) [Swarthmore College](#)

First Derivative	$\frac{df(t)}{dt} \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} sF(s) - f(0^-)$
Second Derivative	$\frac{d^2f(t)}{dt^2} \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} s^2F(s) - sf(0^-) - \dot{f}(0^-)$
n^{th} Derivative	$\frac{d^n f(t)}{dt^n} \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} s^n F(s) - \sum_{i=1}^n s^{n-i} f^{(i-1)}(0^-)$
Integration	$\int_0^t f(\lambda) d\lambda \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} \frac{1}{s} F(s)$
Multiplication by time	$tf(t) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} -\frac{dF(s)}{ds}$
Time Shift	$f(t-a)\gamma(t-a) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} e^{-as}F(s)$ ($\gamma(t)$ = unit step function)
Complex Shift	$f(t)e^{-at} \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} F(s+a)$
Time Scaling	$f\left(\frac{t}{a}\right) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} aF(as)$
Convolution (* denotes convolution of functions)	$f_1(t) * f_2(t) \xleftrightarrow{\mathcal{L}} F_1(s)F_2(s)$
Initial Value Theorem	$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} f(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow \infty} sF(s)$
Final Value Theorem	$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} f(t) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} sF(s)$