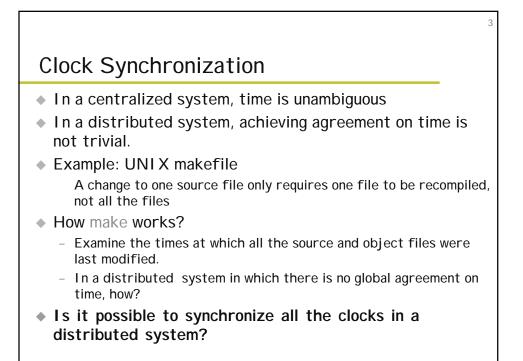


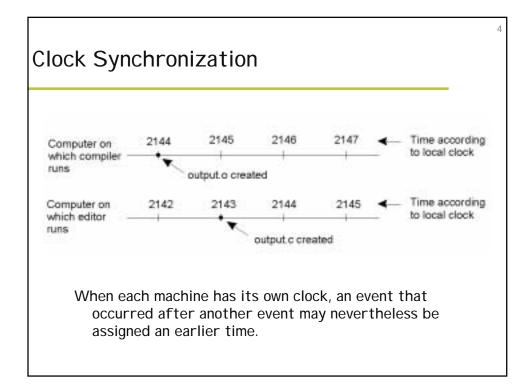
Synchronization

Yong Guan 3216 Coover Tel: (515) 294-8378 Email: <u>guan@ee.iastate.edu</u> April 6 & 8, 2004

Readings for Today's Lecture

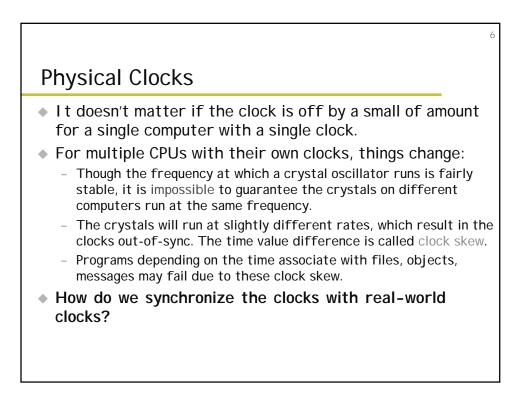
- > References
 - > Chapter 5 of "Distributed Systems: Principles and Paradigms"
 - > Chapter 14 of Coulouris: "Distributed Systems"

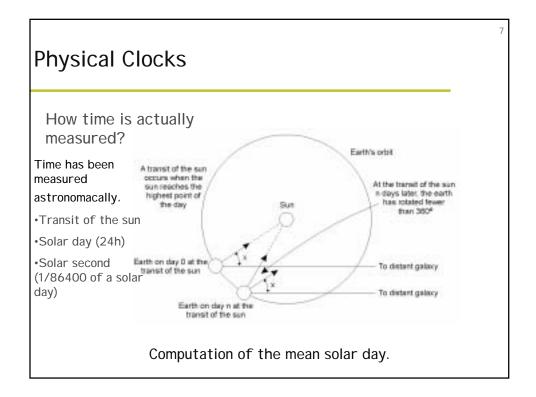


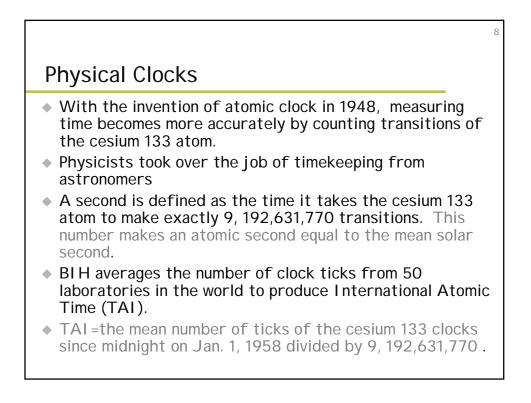


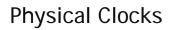
Physical Clocks

- Almost all computers have a circuit for keeping track of time.
- Computer Timer is a machined quartz crystal
 - When kept under tension, quartz crystal oscillates at a welldefined frequency, depending on the kind of crystal, how it is cut, and the amount of tension.
 - Two registers: a counter and a holding register
 - Each oscillation decrements the counter by one, when it gets to 0, an interrupt is generated and the counter is reset from the holding register.
 - Each interrupt is called a clock tick.
 - When the system is booted initially, date and time are required to be entered and deposited in CMOS RAM.
 - Each clock tick increases the time stored in CMOS RAM by one such that software clock can be maintained.

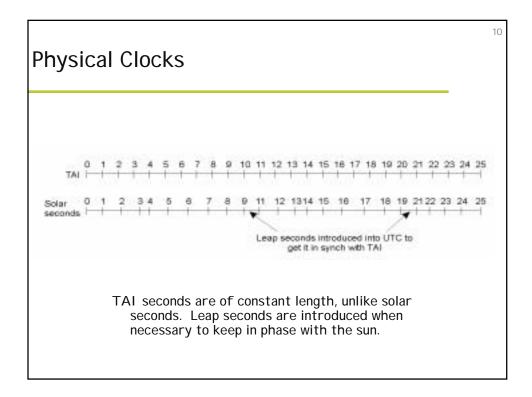


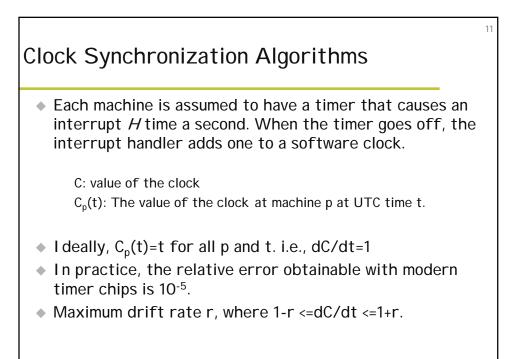


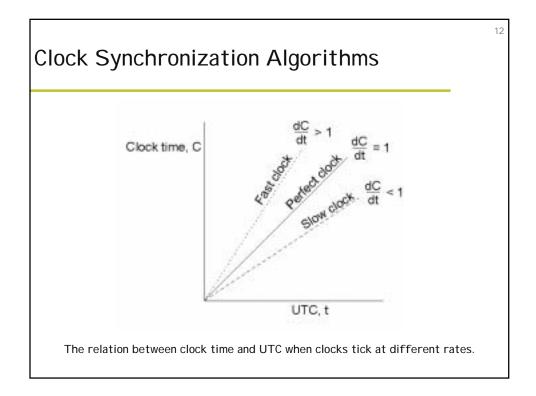


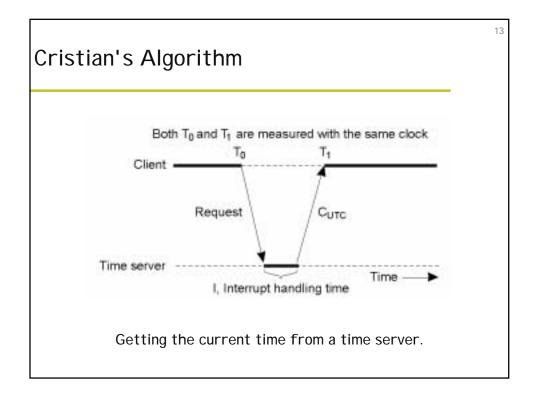


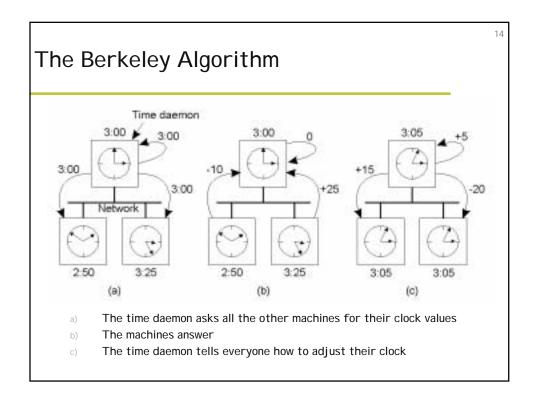
- 86,400 TAI seconds is 3 msec less than a mean solar day.
- Over the years, noon would become earlier and earlier.
- BIH introduce leap seconds whenever the difference between TAI and solar time grows to 800 msec.
- Universal Coordinated Time (UTC) (replaced Greenwich Mean Time, which is astronomical time)
- NIST operates a shortwave radio station with call letters WWV from Fort Colins, CO.
- WWV broadcasts a short pulse at the start of each UTC second. +-1msec (+-10msce due to atmosphere fluctuations).
- Similar services, UK's MSF, GEOS (earth satellite), etc.







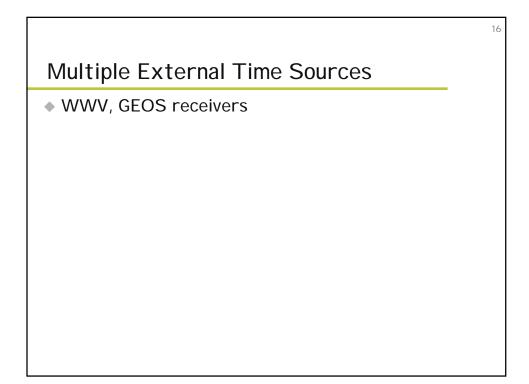




Averaging algorithm

- Dividing time into fixed-length re-sync intervals.
- At the beginning, each machine broadcasts its own time.
- After a machine broadcasts its time, it starts a local timer to collect all other broadcasts that arrive during some time interval S.

- Then,
 - Average the values from all the other machines
 - Discard the m highest and m lowest values, and average the remaining ones.
 - NTP (Network Time Protocol)
 - Can be further improved



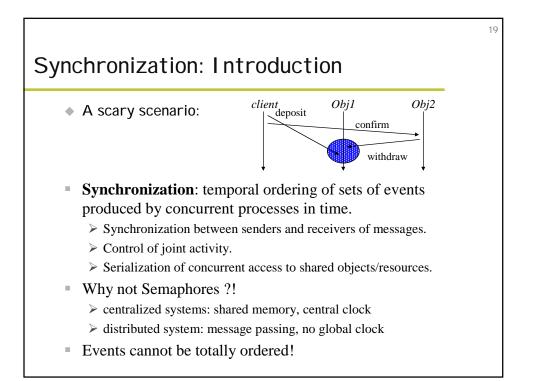


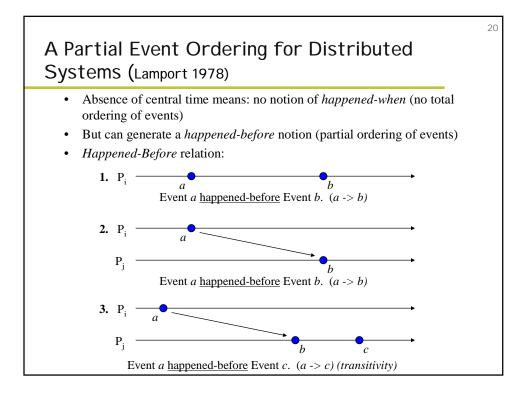
- At-most-once message dilivery
 - Message seq number, what about system crashes and reboots?

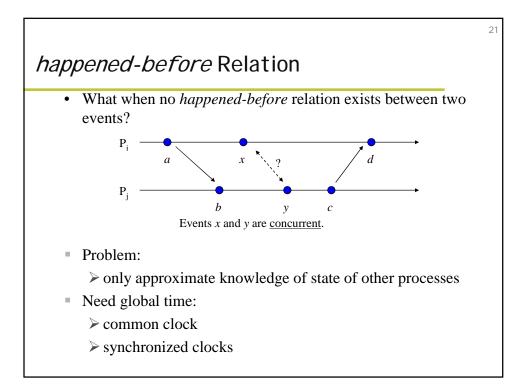
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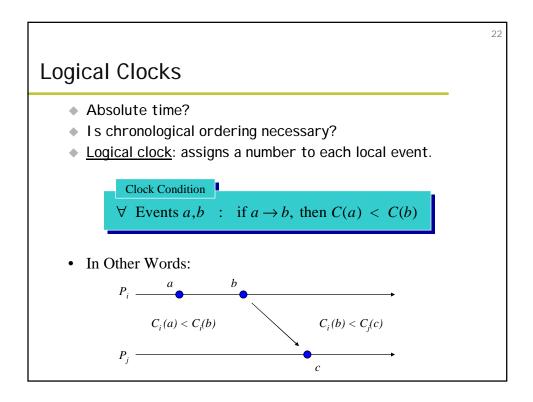
- Connl D+timestamp

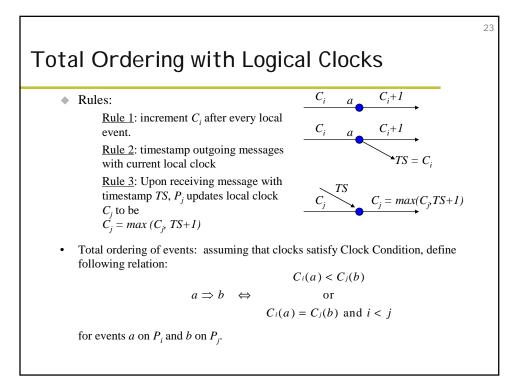


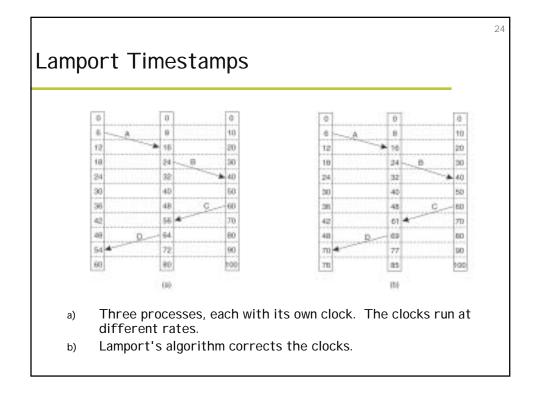


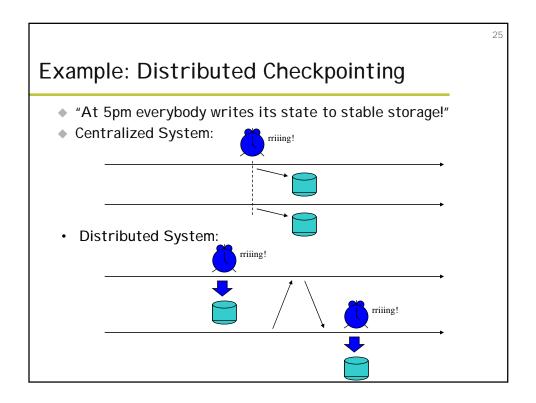


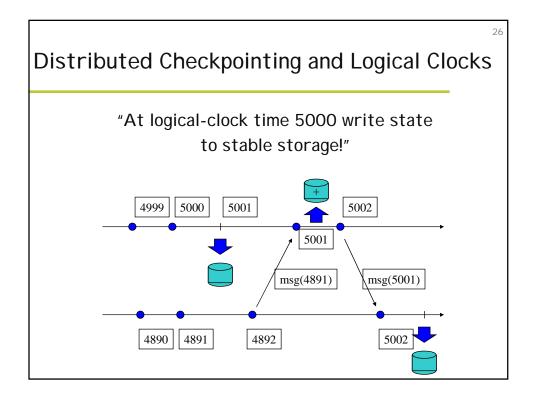


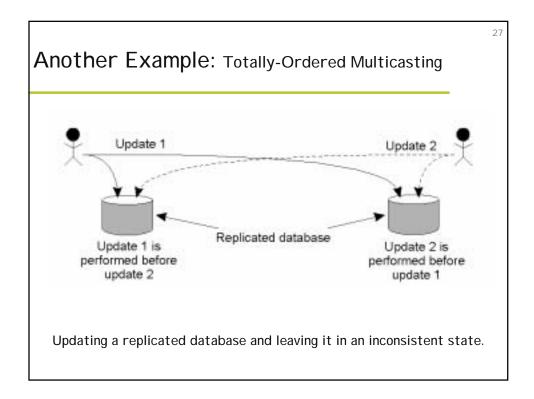


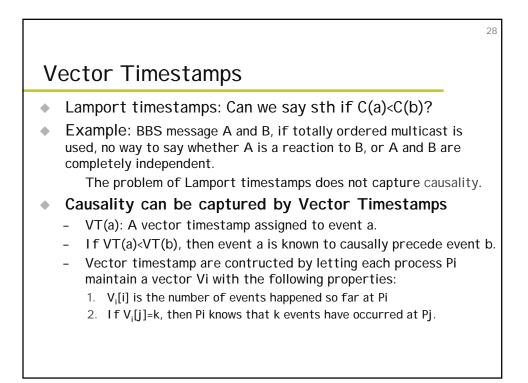








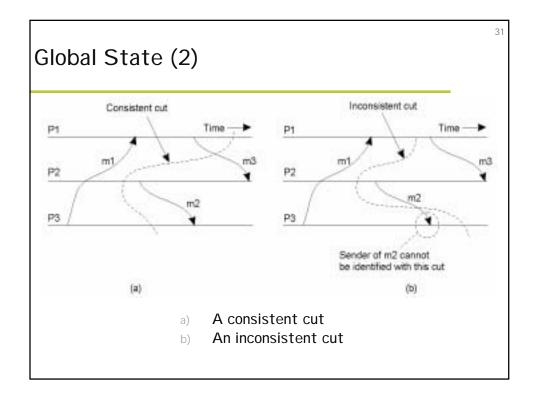


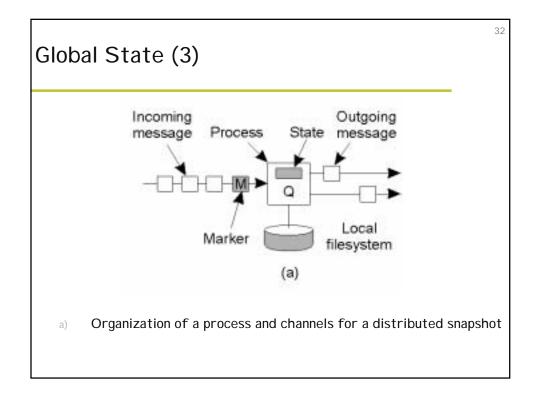


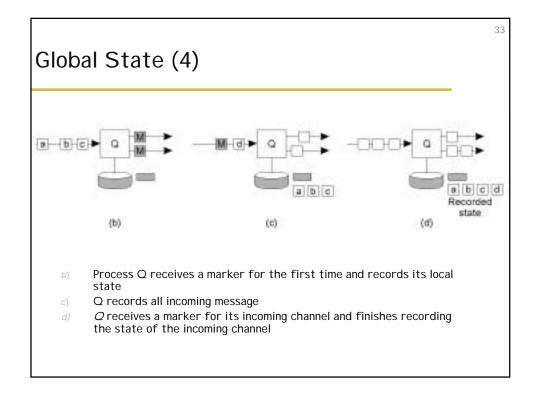
Global State (1)

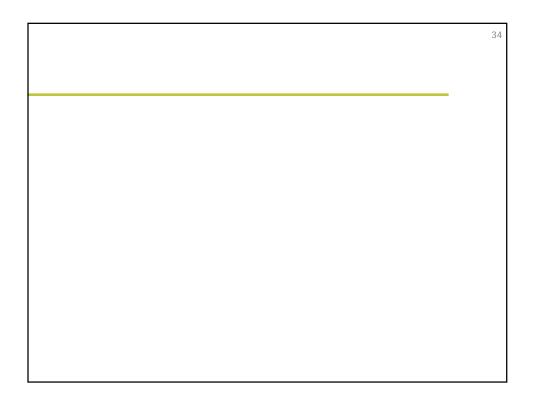
- Knowing the global state in distributed systems is useful on many occasions.
- The global state consists of the local state of each process, together with the messages-in-transit.
- Distributed Snapshot (Chandy and Lamport'85)

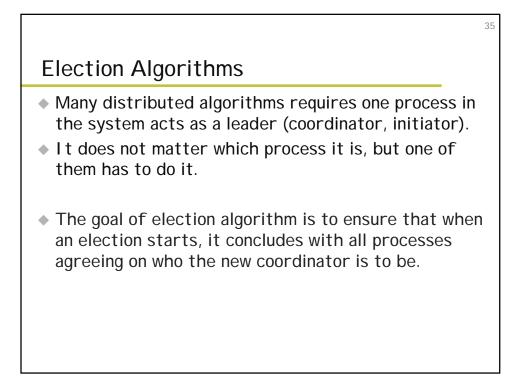
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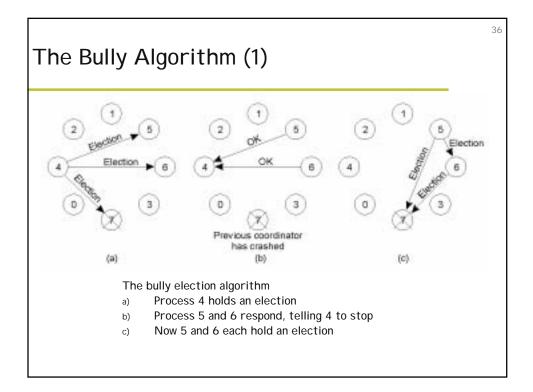


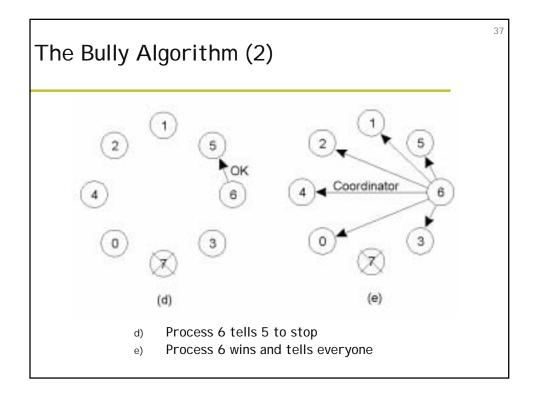


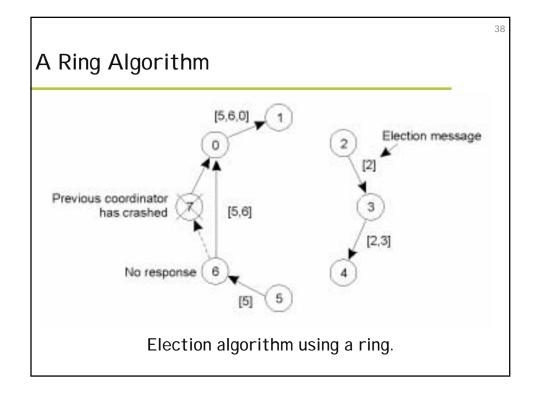


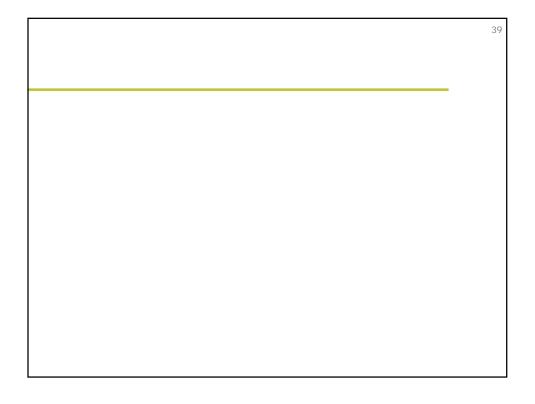


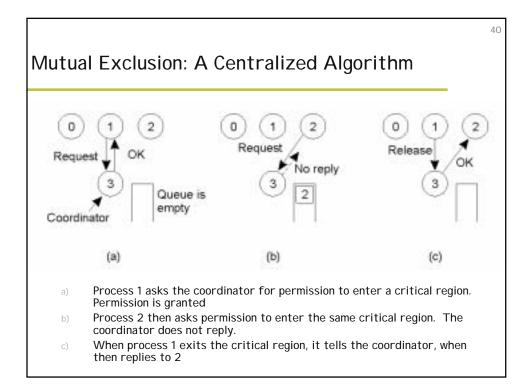


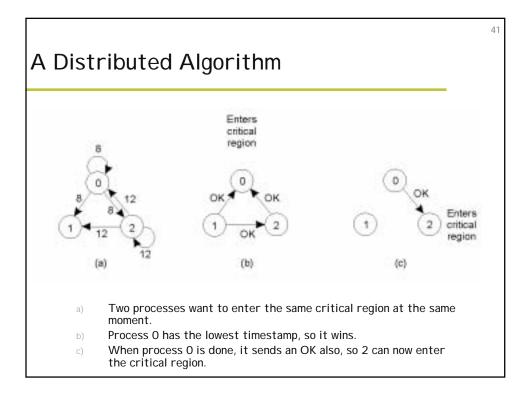


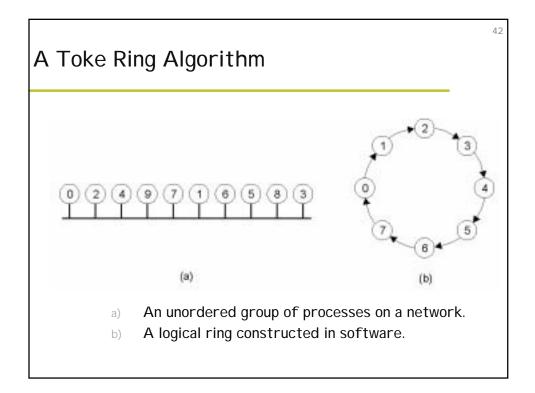






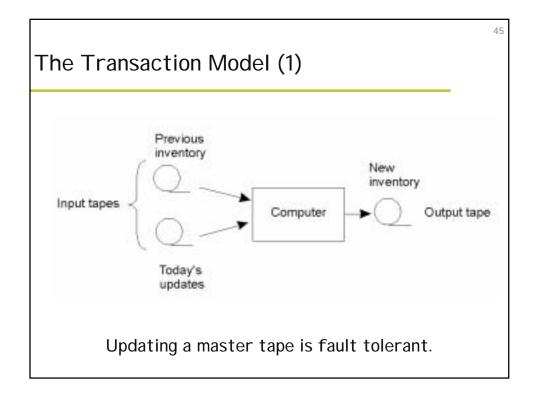


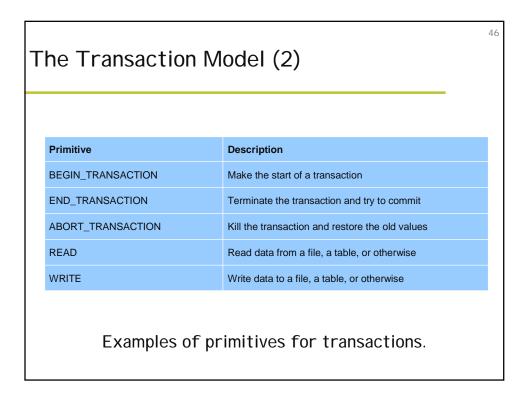


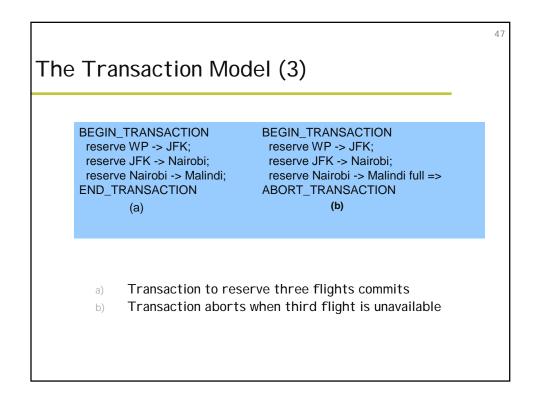


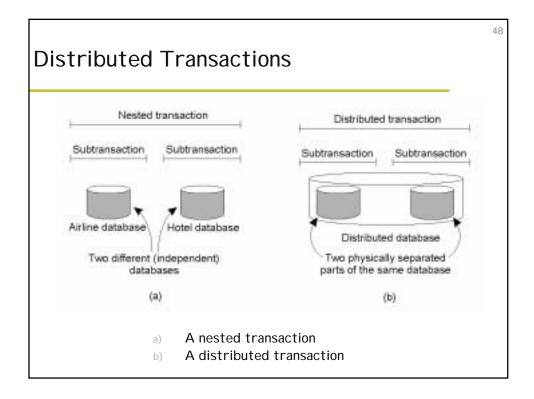
Algorithm	Messages per entry/exit	Delay before entry (in message times)	Problems
Centralized	3	2	Coordinator crash
Distributed	2 (n – 1)	2 (n – 1)	Crash of any process
Token ring	1 to ∞	0 to n – 1	Lost token, process crash

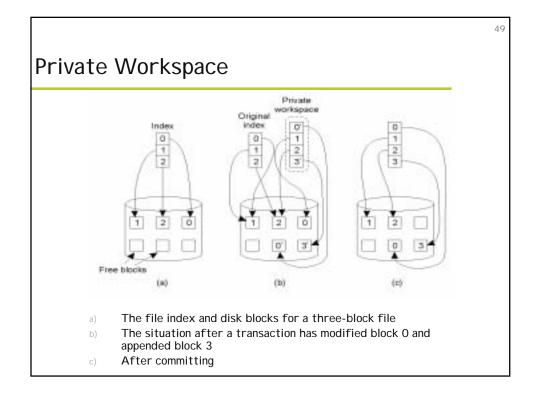




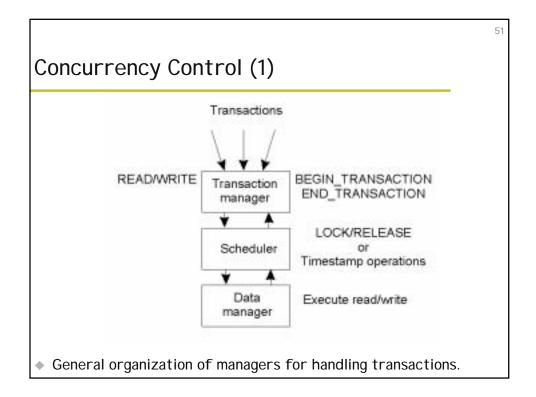


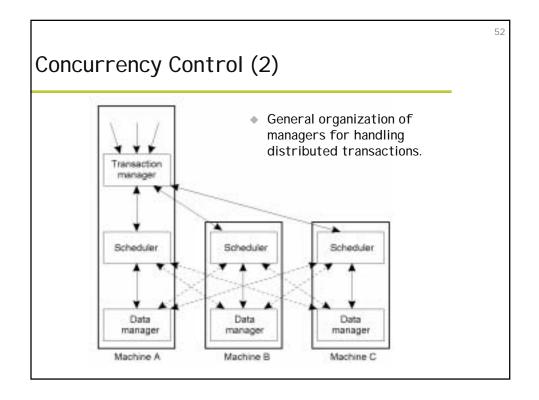






Vriteahead Log		1.00	
x = 0; y = 0; BEGIN_TRANSACTION;	Log	Log	Log
x = x + 1; y = y + 2 x = y * y; END_TRANSACTION;	[x = 0 / 1]	[x = 0 / 1] [y = 0/2]	
(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
a) A transaction b) – d) The log be	efore each stater	ment is execut	ted





Atomic Transactions

- Example: online bank transaction: withdraw(amount, account1) deposit(amount, account2)
- What if network fails before deposit?
- Solution: Group operations in an <u>atomic transaction</u>.
- Volatile storage *vs.* <u>stable</u> storage.
- Primitives:

BEGIN_TRANSACTION END_TRANSACTION ABORT_TRANSACTION READ WRITE 53

ACID Properties

	atomic: consistent:	transactions happen indivisibly no violation of system invariants
I i	solated:	no interference between concurrent transactions
Do	durable:	after transaction commits, changes are permanent

