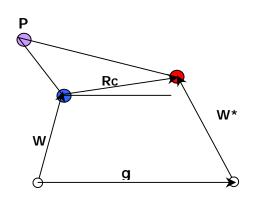
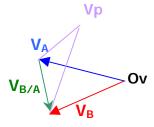
Velocity Analysis:

Must know a driving velocity. Assume that the known velocity is the angular velocity of W,

$$\begin{split} &\dot{q}_{W} \\ &\vec{W} + \vec{R}_{c} = \vec{G} + \vec{W} * \\ &W e^{iq_{W}} + R_{c} e^{iq_{RC}} = G e^{iq_{G}} + W * e^{iq_{W^{*}}} \\ &\frac{d}{dt} \bigg(W e^{iq_{W}} + R_{c} e^{iq_{RC}} = G e^{iq_{G}} + W * e^{iq_{W^{*}}} \bigg) \\ &i\dot{q}_{W} W e^{iq_{W}} + i\dot{q}_{R_{c}} R_{c} e^{iq_{RC}} = i\dot{q}_{W^{*}} W * e^{iq_{W^{*}}} \end{split}$$





What are the unknowns in the velocity analysis?

$$\dot{m{q}}_{\mathsf{W}^*}$$
 , $\dot{m{q}}_{\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{G}}}$

How can you find these values?

$$i\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{W}We^{i\mathbf{q}_{W}}+i\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{R_{C}}R_{C}e^{i\mathbf{q}_{RC}}=i\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{W^{*}}W^{*}e^{i\mathbf{q}_{W^{*}}}$$

Divide into Real and Imaginary

$$-\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{w}W\sin(\mathbf{q}_{w})-\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{c}R_{c}\sin(\mathbf{q}_{R_{c}})=-\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{w^{*}}W*\sin(\mathbf{q}_{*w})$$
$$\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{w}W\cos(\mathbf{q}_{w})+\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{c}R_{c}\cos(\mathbf{q}_{R_{c}})=+\dot{\mathbf{q}}_{w^{*}}W*\cos(\mathbf{q}_{*w})$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} R_c \sin(\mathbf{q}_{R_c}) & -W^* \sin(\mathbf{q}_{W^*}) \\ R_c \cos(\mathbf{q}_{R_c}) & -W^* \cos(\mathbf{q}_{W^*}) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \dot{\mathbf{q}}_{R_c} \\ \dot{\mathbf{q}}_{W^*} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\dot{\mathbf{q}}_W W \sin(\mathbf{q}_W) \\ -\dot{\mathbf{q}}_W W \cos(\mathbf{q}_W) \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve this problem for position and velocity unknowns; assume r2 is driving and that its angular velocity, θ r2_dot, is known.

