

Introduction to Systems Thinking

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IOWA STATE UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY



Our systems thinking module is...



Broadly applicable



New for students



Amenable to short treatments



Fun

Motivation



The Water Project

Abundant clean water



The Daily Mail

Safe roads and bridges



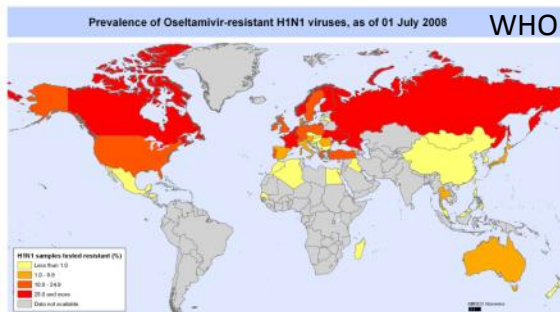
B. Elbert

Protection from disasters

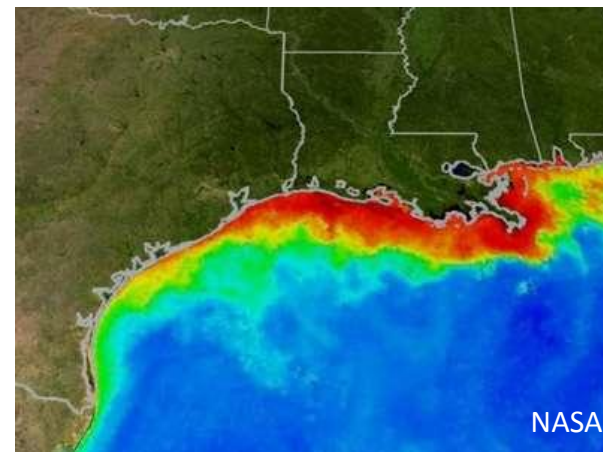


GE

Renewable clean energy



Access to modern healthcare



Sustainable ag & manufacturing

What is systems thinking?

Exercise

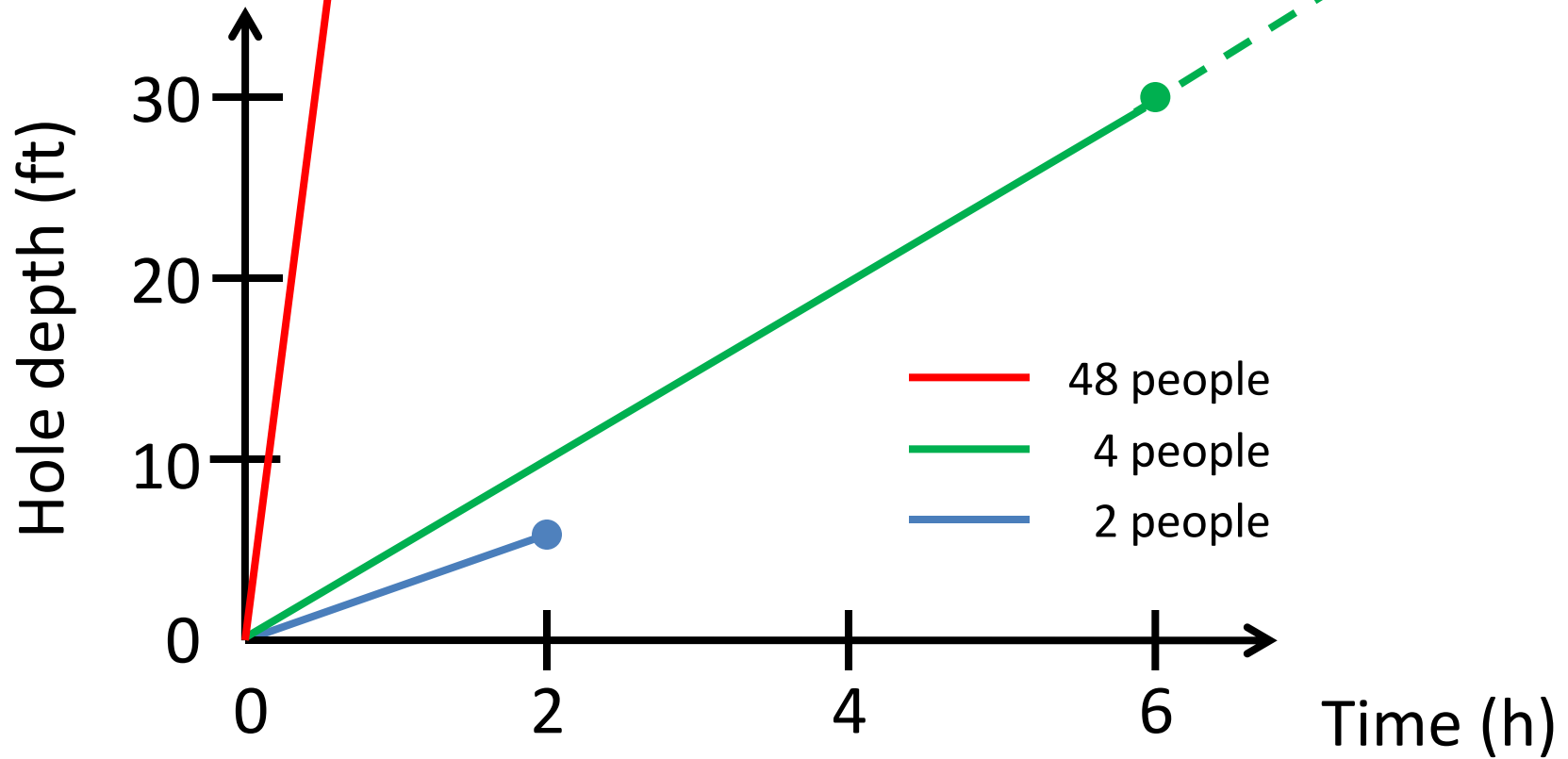
Two people take 2 hours to dig a hole 5 feet deep.

How deep would the hole be if 4 people dug for 6 hours?



What is systems thinking?

Correct answer



What is systems thinking?

More realistic answers?

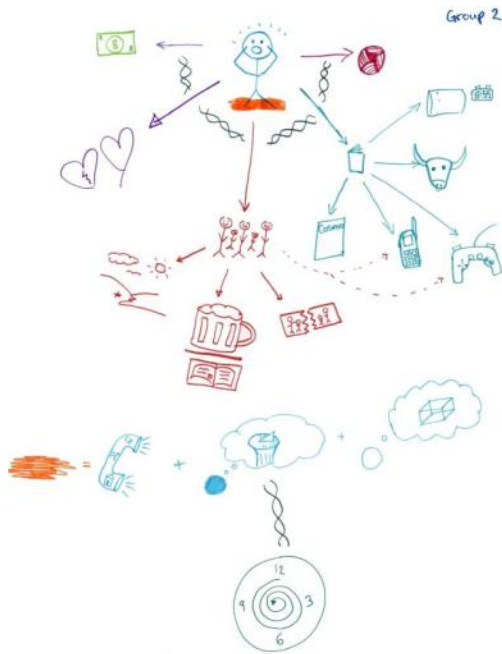
1. Deeper soil layers might be harder to excavate.
2. The job might not have the proper permit.
3. The people might refuse to work for 6 hours straight.
4. A lack of ladders or shovels or space might prevent progress.
5. They might hit bedrock or the water table (or gold or oil or ancient relics or an underground cable or vicious carnivores).
6. The maximum depth might have been specified as 5 feet.
7. Greenpeace or the neighbors might protest.
8. The workers might not have proper training in ABET outcome d.
9. The work might be scheduled for a religious holiday.
10. The original workers might have had excavating equipment.
11. Et cetera

What is systems thinking?

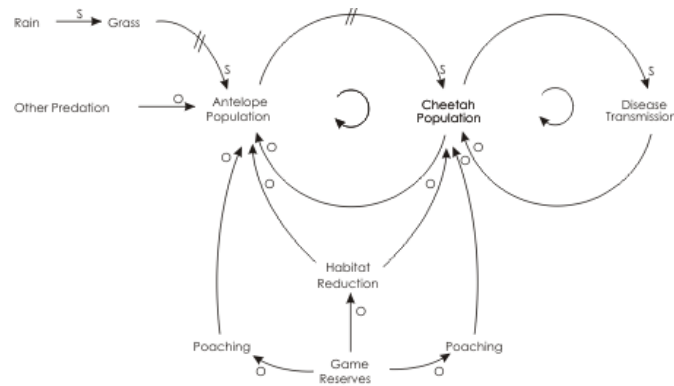
- Solving **complex, dynamic, ill-defined** problems
- Designing **systems** as well as components
- Communicating with the **wider community**
- Working with people from **other disciplines** and **cultures**
- Meeting **social, ethical, and environmental** responsibilities while addressing challenges from engineering and science.
- Managing projects and operating within **business** and **political** environments

See also <http://www.public.iastate.edu/~rehmann/STpaper.pdf>

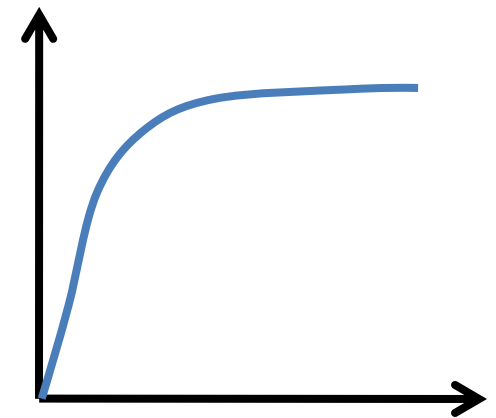
Tools of systems thinking



Rich picture



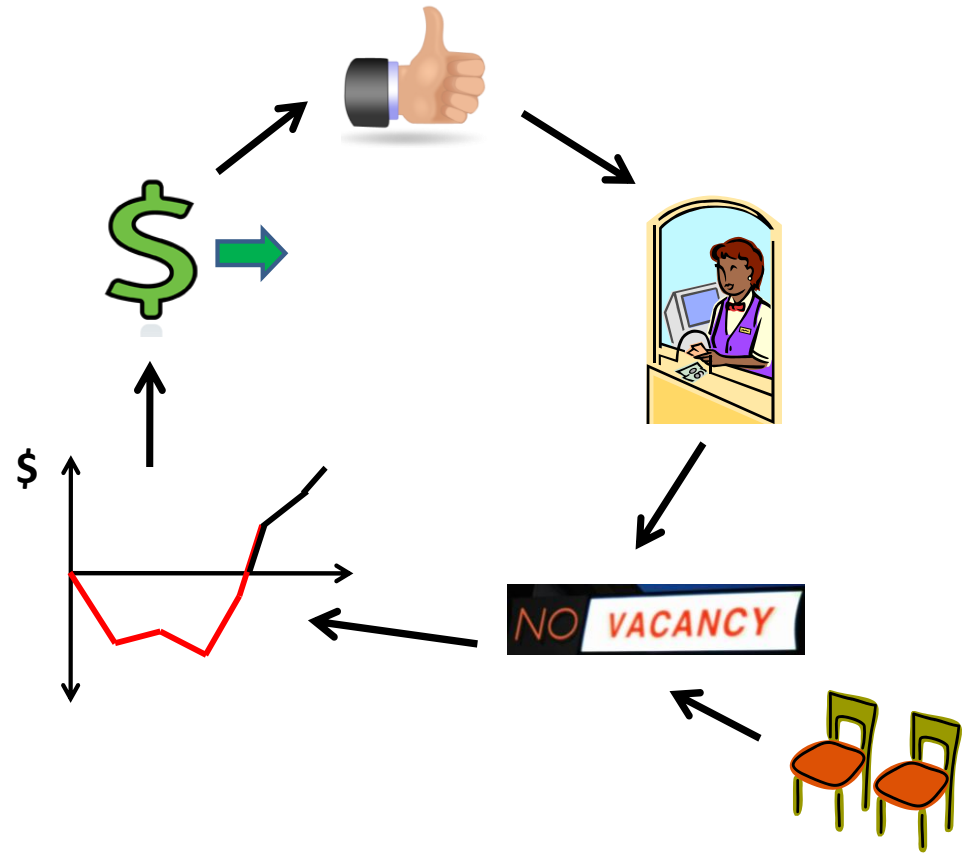
Causal loop diagrams



Behavior-over-time graphs

Example of the tools: rich picture

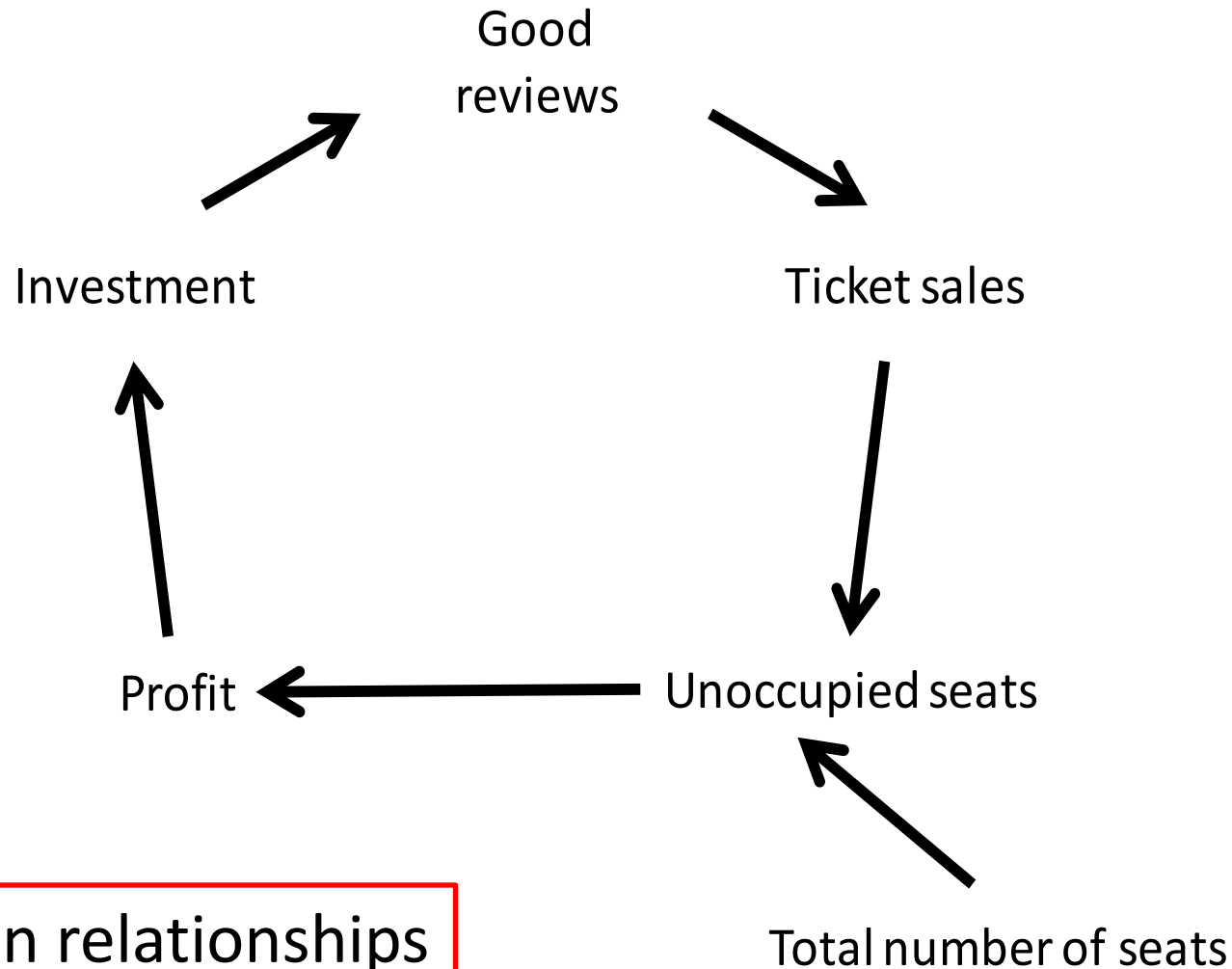
Theater operations



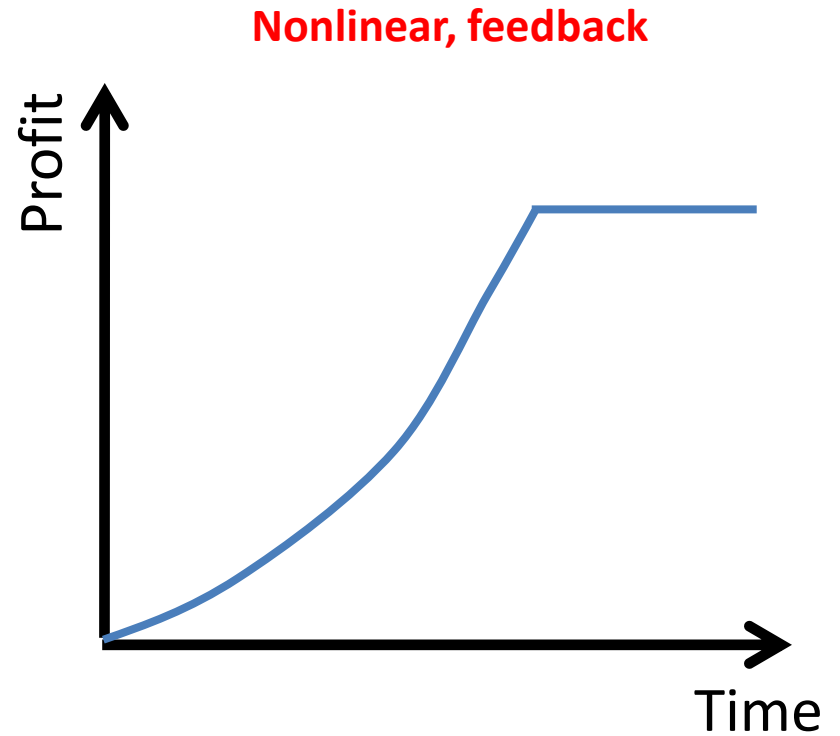
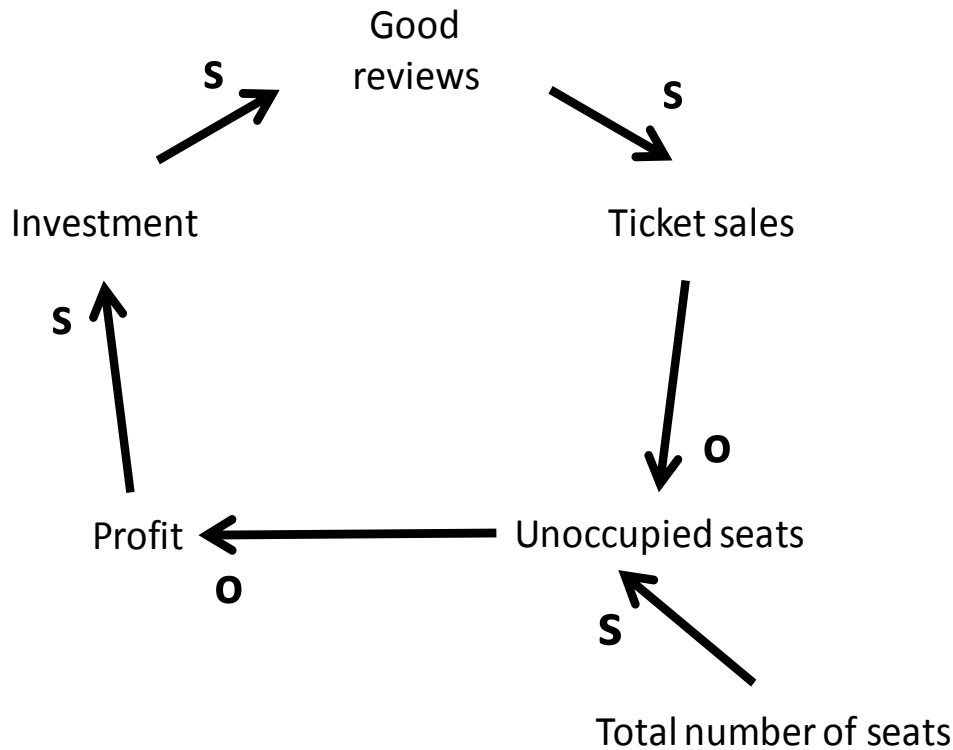
Identify connections

Example of the tools: causal loop diagram

s = same, o = opposite



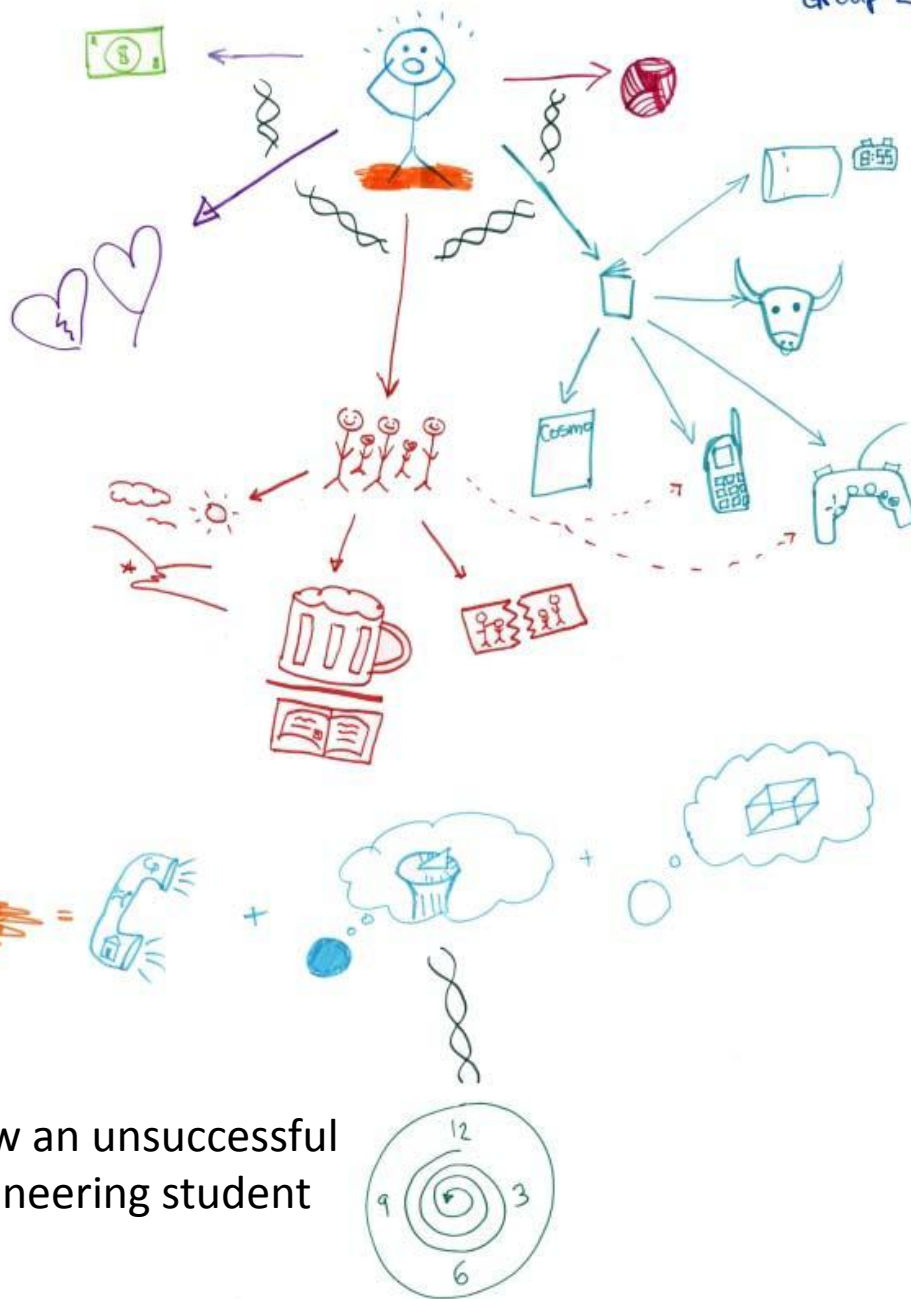
Example of the tools: behavior-over-time graph



Sketch trends

(Video)

Group 2



Rich pictures

What's going on here?

Pictures

Connections

Facts

Subjective information

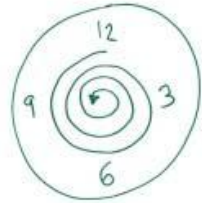
Conflict

Structure

Process

Vanasupa et al. (2008)

Draw an unsuccessful engineering student



Exercise: Draw an unsuccessful student



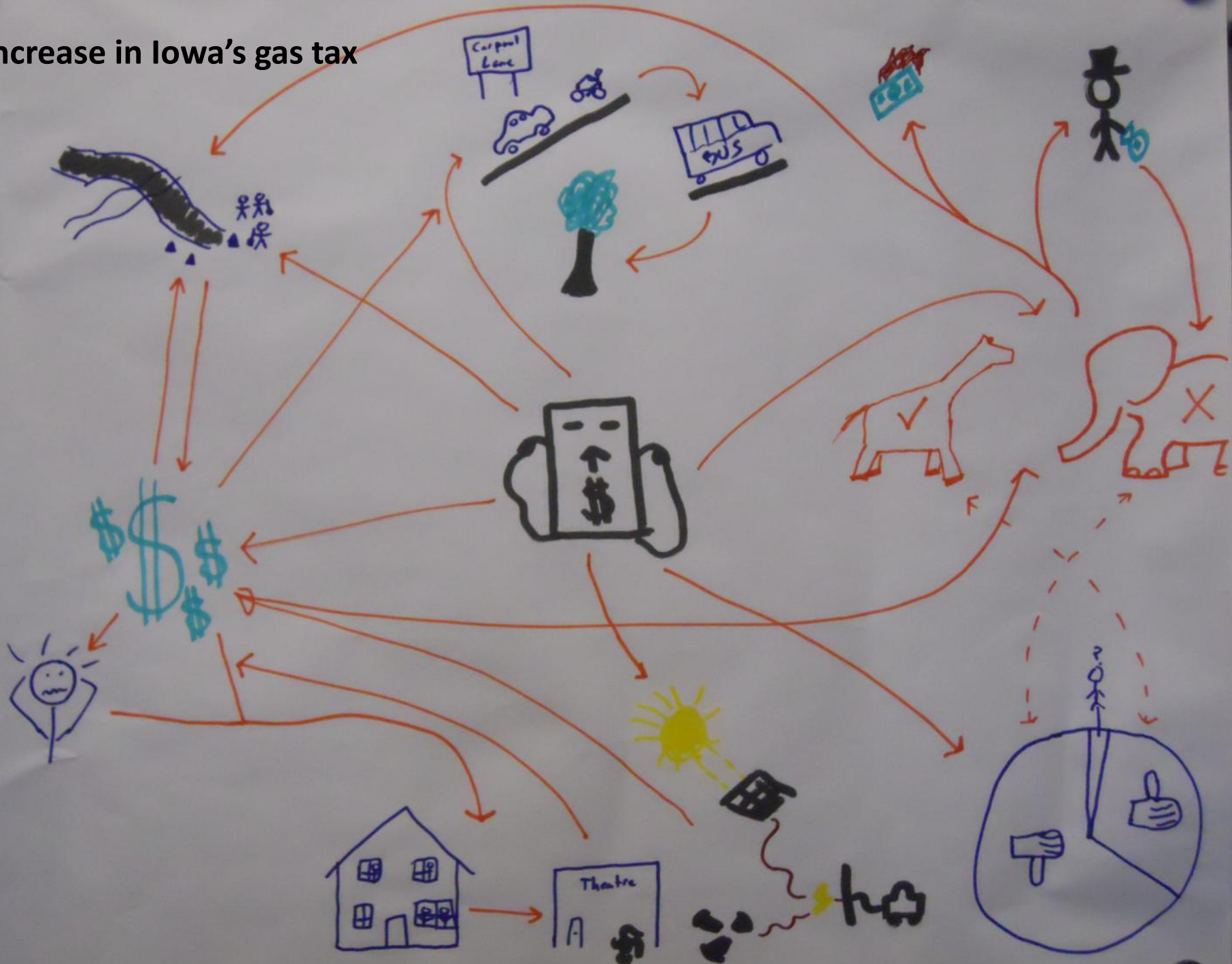
- How did you work together to draw the rich picture?
- How will that interaction benefit students?

Exercise: Evaluate these rich pictures

Did they think broadly? Do the connections make sense? Is there feedback?

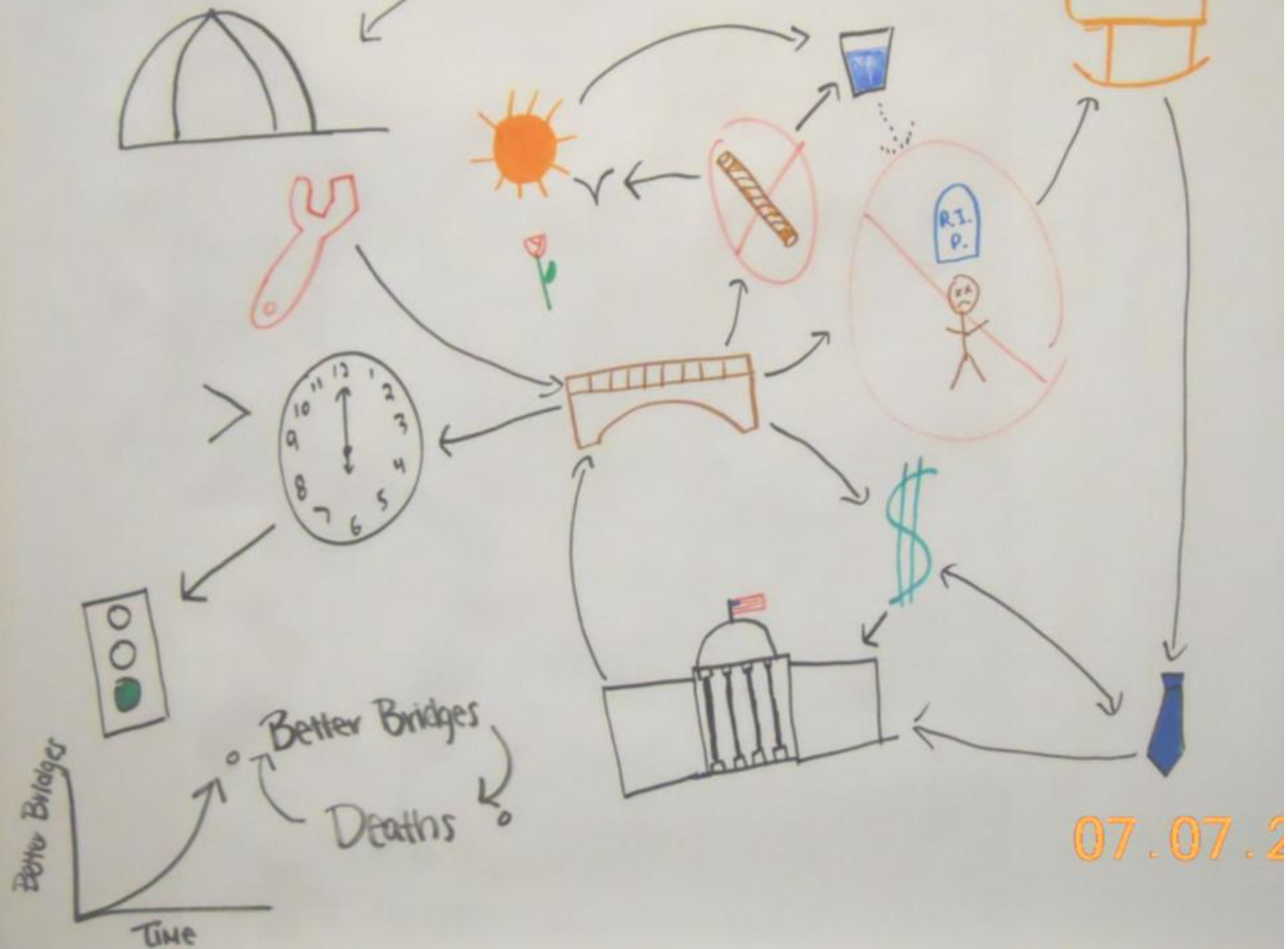
	0 = not addressed	1 = minimally addressed	2 = somewhat addressed	3 = adequately addressed	4 = well addressed
<i>Technical content</i>					
Problem description	Students do not describe the problem at all.	Students give a cursory description of the problem.	Students describe the problem briefly but do not explain how it involves 5 of the 7 areas.	Students describe the problem and motivate the systems approach by explaining how it involves 5 of the 7 areas.	Students explain why the problem is important and integrate their discussion of the 5 of 7 areas well into the rest of the talk.
Key variables	Students identify no key variable.	Students allude to key variables. Key variables are implied.	Students identify several variables involved in the problem but do not identify the key variable.	Students identify a key variable but other possibilities seem more fitting.	Students identify a key variable and explain concisely how it captures the essence of the problem.
Rich pictures to show connections	Students present no rich picture.	The rich picture is carelessly drawn, and the connections show little thought.	The rich picture shows few elements, and connections are merely lines drawn to the key element.	The rich picture is drawn well. It includes several elements from 5 of the 7 areas; connections show considerable thought.	The picture is attractive and interesting; the connections drawn suggest careful thought and contemplation based on research.
Causal-loop diagrams to show relationships	Students present no causal-loop diagrams.	Students present only one or two CLDs and they are not connected in any way. Relationships are based solely on intuition or feeling.	Students present several unconnected CLDs. The relationships are reasonable but not supported convincingly.	Students present a CLD that connects most of the elements in the rich picture and give plausible arguments for the relationships.	Students present a CLD that connects all of the elements in the rich picture and argue convincingly for the relationships using their research.
Graphs to show behavior over time	Students do not show behavior over time.	Students present one BOT graph that was drawn hastily and without much thought.	Students present a BOT graph and explain the behavior briefly.	Students present a BOT graph for one scenario that is carefully contemplated.	Students present BOT graphs for a few interesting scenarios. The graphs illustrate the strength of the systems thinking approach.

Increase in Iowa's gas tax

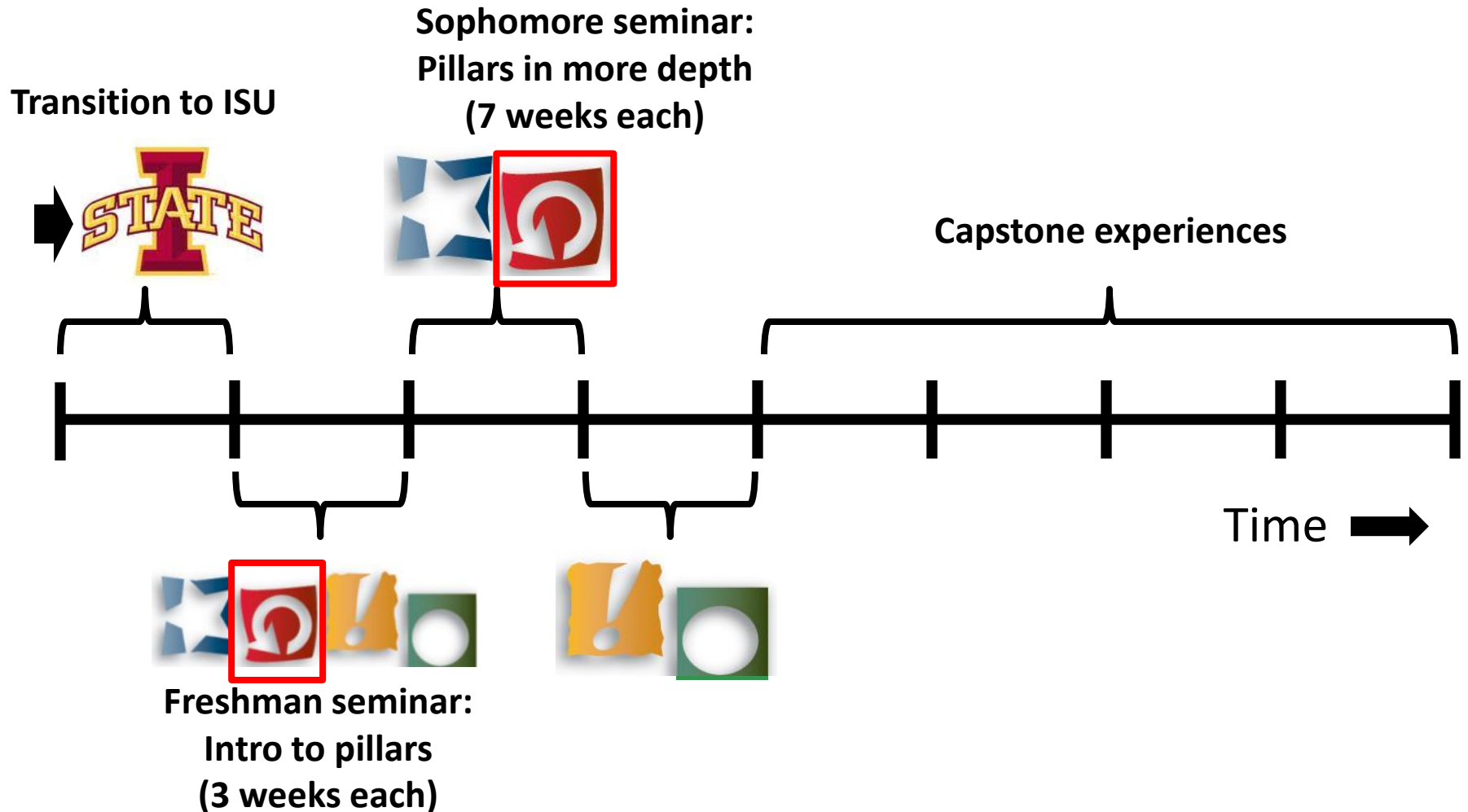


Safe bridges & infrastructure

I.S.U.
Town 1001



Applications of the modules



Freshman seminar: Engr 110X

Definition of ST, intro to tools

Student work: Rich picture (& other tools)



2010



2011



2012

Week 1

Week 2

Week 3

Student presentations



2010



2011



2012

Sophomore seminar: Engr 210X

Learning outcome:

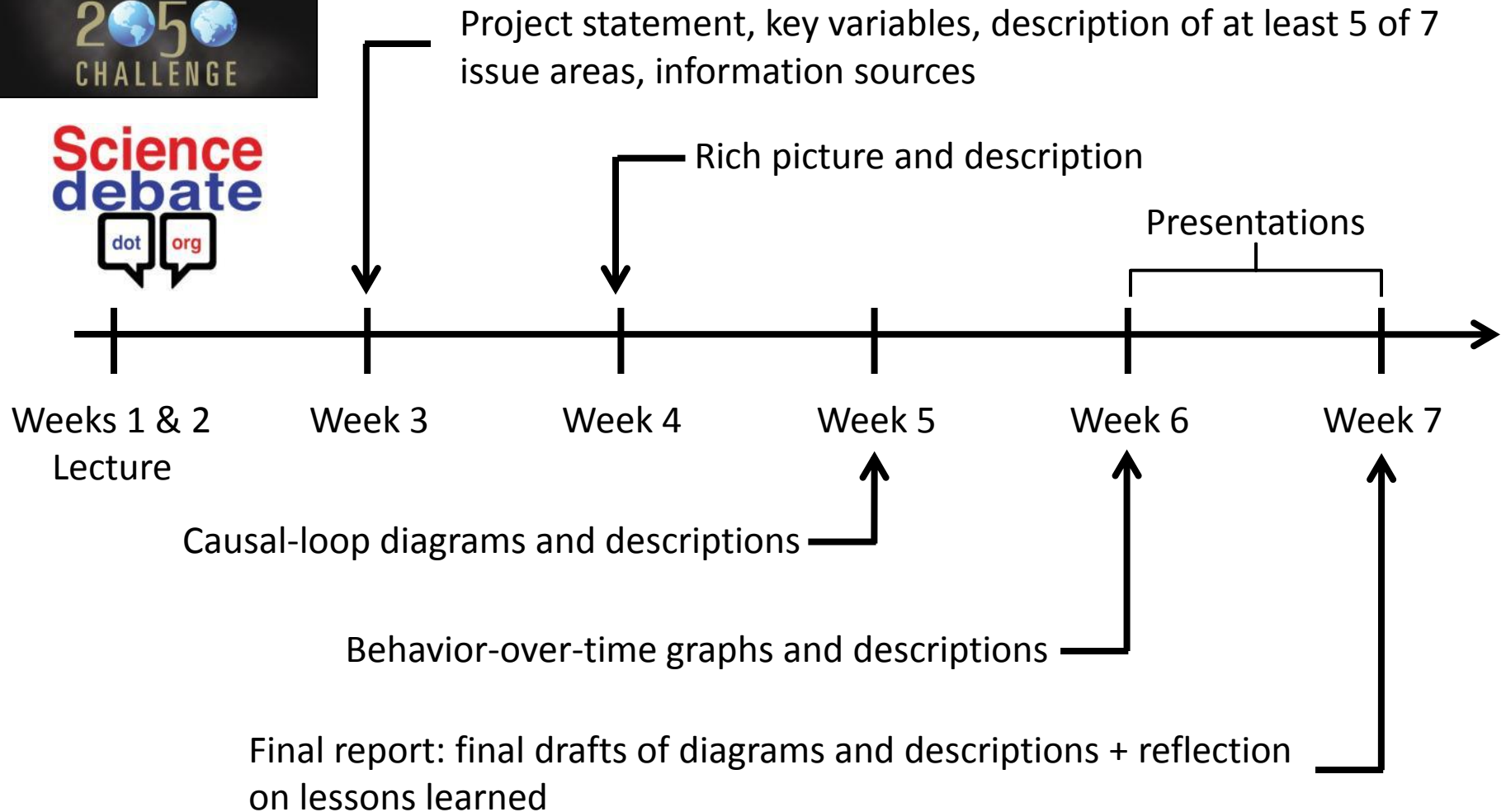
For complex, ill-defined, dynamic problems involving engineering, social, ethical, cultural, environmental, business, and political issues, second-year E2020 scholars will

- Identify connections between subsystems with **rich pictures**
- Explain relationships with **causal-loop diagrams**
- Sketch the **behavior over time** of key variables in the system.

Sophomore seminar: Engr 210X

205
CHALLENGE

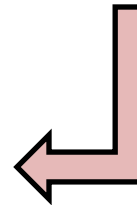
Science
debate
dot org



Assessment

Reflections from students:

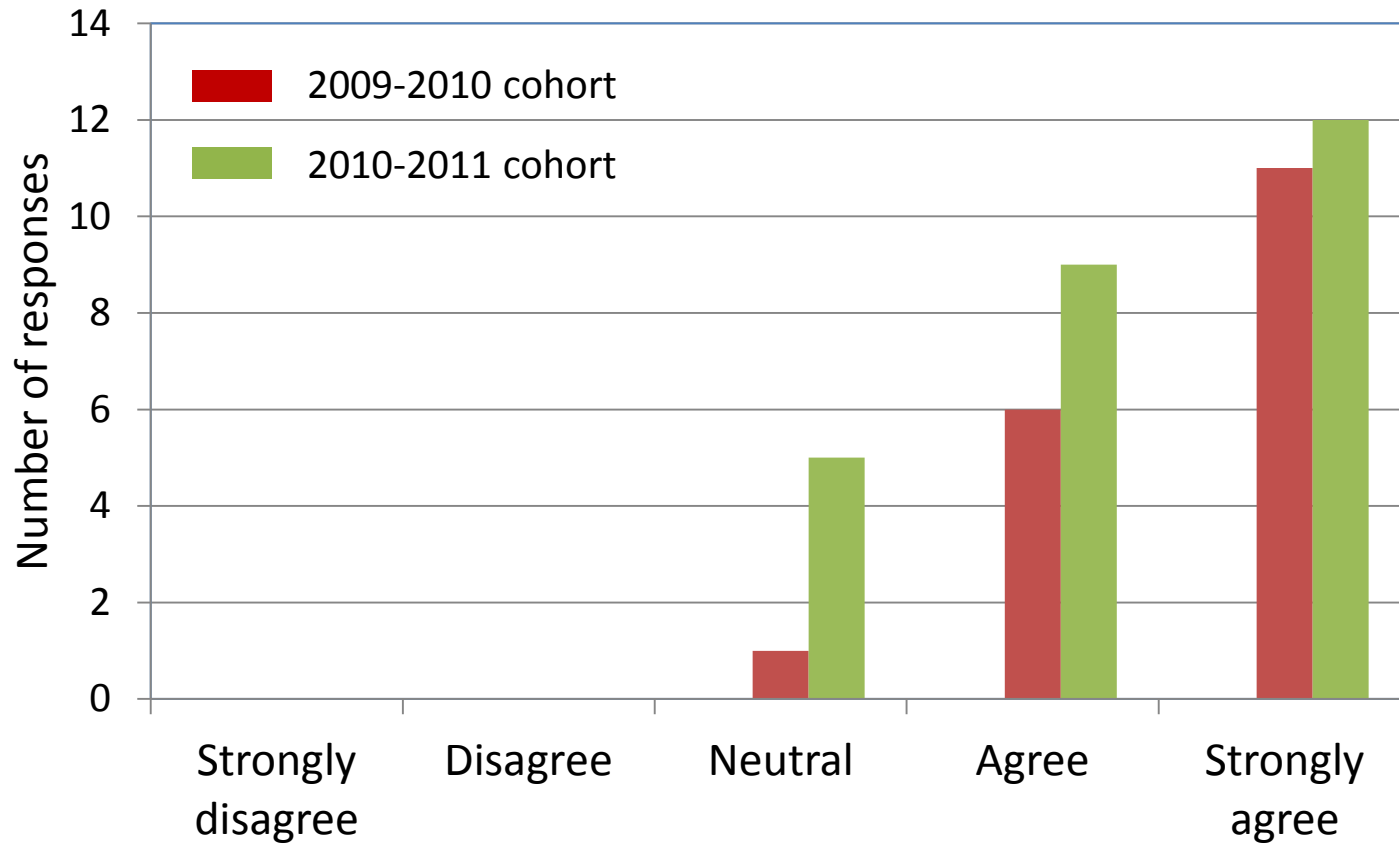
- Students knew **little about ST before** the module and **much more after** it.
- The module will **help in planning projects**.
- Multidisciplinary aspects will **improve collaboration**.
- Students **appreciated having tools** to express the behavior graphically.
- Students **enjoyed** the activities.
- The module **changed how students view engineering**.



Assessment

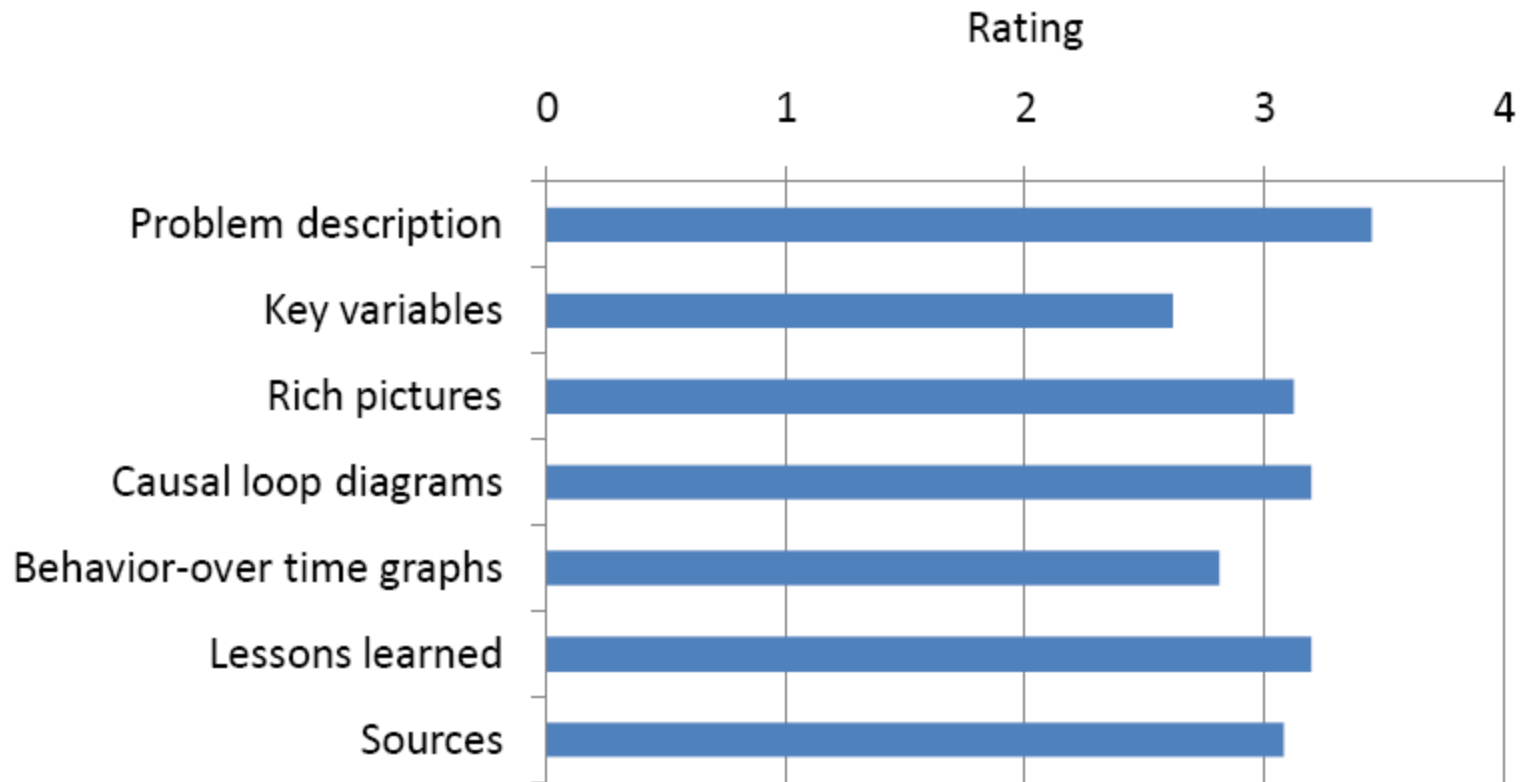
Email survey for Engr 110X:

“I have an understanding of the systems thinking pillar...”



Assessment

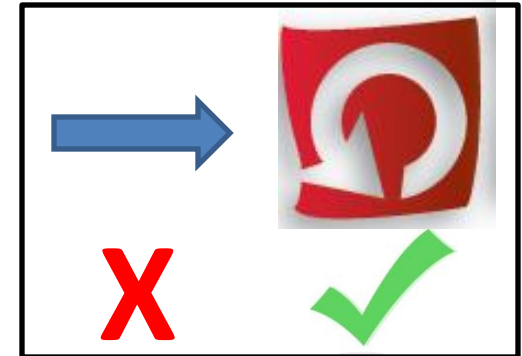
Ratings from 3 instructors of student work in Engr 210X



ST in LC?

Observations and suggestions:

1. Students tend to get information from their own heads.
 - a. Coach them to find an article or two, or
 - b. Use a topic that is familiar.
2. Students need coaching with key variable and feedback.



Summary: The module is...



Broadly applicable



New for students



Amenable to short treatments



Fun